

of the Wallach and Towers schools, they should be run as an administrative unit.

"I have established seven such groups now," the witness said. "We have been looking for a way to do this. This was in my mind when the Randall School was opened up April 1917. The supervising principal of that district was called into my office. His place was taken by John Bruce, then principal of the Randall School. Miss Wilson, who was then a seventh grade teacher, was made temporary principal. Her work was highly satisfactory, according to Mr. Bruce. When the supervising principal returned and again was called away, Miss Wilson was put in as principal a second time.

Mr. Syphax, principal of the Hill School, protested on the ground that because of length of service and his position he should have been given the place. During the year that Miss Wilson served as temporary principal of the Randall School, she had been a teacher of the eighth grade.

Colored Women as Principals.

Senator Walsh asked if it had been Mr. Thurston's intention to have colored women made as good principals in eight or ten school systems as men. "I did not," replied the witness.

"In June 1918, the question of selecting a permanent principal for the Randall School was up. Miss Walker, the supervising principal, whose call to war service had really brought about the vacancy, was the one who was desired. The law then provided that a woman could not be a teacher of the eighth grade.

Thurston said that Assistant Superintendent Bruce in conversation with him had favored the appointment of a woman.

Talks of Disagreement.

"I disagreed with him," said Mr. Thurston. "We talked the matter over many times. In the end, I decided to recommend the appointment of Miss Wilson. I must say he did this over his own head, however, and I do not believe the responsibility upon the superintendent."

"Why didn't Bruce recommend Syphax?" demanded Senator Harrison.

"I don't recall," replied Mr. Thurston.

"You asked him to recommend Miss Wilson?"

The witness said that he did not recall that he had done so. In reply to another question, he said that he supposed Mr. Bruce had made the recommendation. He did not recall writing, because he realized that the superintendent would stand firmly by his recommendation.

Mr. Thurston said that Miss Wilson had been twenty years in the schools and was a graduate of the normal school and had received an A. B. degree from Howard University; that she was a leader in the community.

"If we are going to promote in the schools only with regard to 'seniority,' we are going to have a lot of old men and women to hold back real leaders anywhere from five to fifteen years," Senator Harrison asked.

Mr. Syphax was not appointed.

Letter is Presented.

Mr. Thurston presented a letter written by Assistant Supt. Bruce regarding Mr. Syphax. At this point Mr. Syphax rose and said that the letter dealt with the qualifications of teachers and that he would be glad to receive it in executive session. Mr. Thurston said he would be glad to have it.

After looking over the letter Senator Walsh said that in substance it was that Mr. Syphax was not a teacher but a principal, and that there was nothing personal against Mr. Syphax in the letter.

"I make this statement," said Senator Walsh, "so that the impression may not be put out that any of the private letters dealing with the qualifications of teachers should be made a part of the record, but might be received in executive session. Mr. Thurston said he would be glad to have it."

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should be made easy to get rid of undesirable teachers. Asked if he did not think one year was a short term of probation for new teachers, Mr. Thurston said he would not object to a three-year term, but would favor it.

"Do you believe in a life term for the superior teacher?" Senator Harrison queried.

"Not for myself," said the witness, joining in the laugh. "But he should have a term sufficiently long to enable him to develop a definite policy."

The witness said the board of education undoubtedly had the right to employ whatever superintendent it chose, but that his criticism in the present case was that the board had not been fair to him, and that he was not being let out because of anything wrong in his official conduct.

"Undoubtedly the board should have had a conference with the superintendent before deciding on his dismissal," said Mr. Thurston, "for their action in this case amounted to a dismissal of a teacher of the eighth grade because of educational choices everywhere."

COMMITTEE ADDS \$240 CLERK BONUS IN SENATE REPORT

(Continued from First Page.)

ceive the same at the rate to which they are entitled in this section when their fixed rate of pay for the regular working hours and on the basis of 213 days in the fiscal year would amount to \$2,500 or less. Provided, That this method of computation shall not apply to any person who is regularly paid a per diem for every day in the year.

So much as may be necessary to pay the additional compensation provided in this section to employees of the government of the District of Columbia is appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

So much as may be necessary to pay the increased compensation provided in this section to employees of the government of the District of Columbia is appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated and one-half out of the revenues of the District of Columbia, except to employees of the Washington aqueduct and the water department, which shall be paid directly from the revenues of the water department, and to employees of the playground board and the playground department, which shall be paid wholly out of the revenues of the District of Columbia.

So much as may be necessary to pay the increased compensation provided in this section to persons employed under funds which may be construed to be employees of the government of the United States or of the District of Columbia is authorized to be paid, respectively, from such funds.

"Reports shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session showing for the first four months of the fiscal year the average number of employees in each department, bureau, office or establishment receiving the increased compensation at the rate of \$240 per annum, and the average number by grades receiving the same at each other rate."

TWO-DAY VIGIL RESULTS IN CHICAGOAN'S ARREST

Herman Blumson, sixty-five years old, of Chicago, was arrested this afternoon at the Washington city post office, charged with forging government bills of lading worth thousands of dollars. He was apprehended by Frank W. Harvey, representing a trust company in Chicago.

When Blumson called for letters at the general delivery window at the city post office Mr. Harvey and the general attorney of the Chicago firm, who had been watching at the post office for the past two days, arrested him.

Blumson was taken to the office of Inspector Purdum in the city post office building, where he agreed to return at once to Chicago with the men. He was taken to police headquarters.

The alleged forging took place many months ago, it was declared, and Mr. Harvey had been on the trail of Blumson for several months, having tracked him to this city.

TWO QUIT SHIPPING BOARD.

Two resignations of important posts in the United States Shipping Board will become effective April 1, it was learned today. Maj. John E. Cushing, director of the division of operations, the active part of the shipping business of the Shipping Board, will sever his connection with the board on that date. Maj. Cushing will be succeeded by Capt. Paul Foley, at present in charge of the sale of wooden ships.

Commissioner Thomas A. Scott, a member of the shipping board, will resign his post to go back to private business April 1. Mr. Scott's successor has been named as Louis Titus of Seattle has been offered a vacant post by the President, but refused, giving as his reason the fact that he had been in shipping business having business with the Shipping Board.

COMMANDER TURPIN DEAD.

Well Known Naval Officer Passed Away in Denver Tuesday.

Commander Walter Stevens Turpin, U. S. N., well known in this city and Maryland, died Tuesday in Denver, after a long illness. He was forty-six years old.

Commander Turpin was born at Centerville, Md. His father, William Turpin, was state senator for several years. Commander Turpin was a graduate of Annapolis, and had been on active duty since his health began to fail him in 1917. He was stationed in Washington, secretary of the War College. He was on duty during naval operations at Vera Cruz, Mexico.

Surviving him are a widow and three daughters. His widow, formerly Miss Louise Walworth, is the daughter of Rear Admiral Richard Walworth, U. S. N.

Funeral services were held today in Denver. Interment will be in Arlington national cemetery.

WRITES FOR MR. BROWNING.

Funeral services for Representative William H. Browning of New Jersey, who died here yesterday, will be held Saturday afternoon at his residence in Camden, N. J.

The congressional committee appointed to attend the funeral, consisting of the entire New Jersey delegation, Senator Francis of Maine, Senator Francis of Maryland, Senator Francis of Georgia, Senator Francis of Pennsylvania, Representative Butler of Pennsylvania, Representative Britton of Illinois, Representative Kelley of Michigan, Representative Mudd of Maryland, Representative Adgett of Tennessee, Representative Hordman of New York and Representative Oliver of Alabama, will leave here on a special car Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

MARYLAND'S LEGAL HOLIDAY

Maryland today is observing the two hundred and eighty-sixth anniversary of the landing of Lord Calvert at St. Marys by general observance of Maryland as a legal holiday throughout the state.

Closing of banks and public offices and celebrations by patriotic societies and the annual meeting of the Maryland Historical Society will be observed.

In Baltimore the principal event of the annual meeting of the Society of Colonial Wars in the State of Maryland and the Eastern Shore Society will be the celebration of the anniversary of the landing of Lord Calvert at St. Marys.

WOMEN SPEAKERS IN SUFFRAGE CONTEST

Delaware Legislature in Joint Session Gives Two Hours to Each Side.

DOVER, Del., March 25.—Public hearings at a joint session of the Delaware legislature were the principal events scheduled today in the contest for ratification of the woman suffrage constitutional amendment by securing this state's vote. The legislature plans to adjourn tomorrow night until Monday.

Suffragists had first innings at today's hearings, starting with an all-time record of two hours. United States Senators from Missouri and Sterling, South Dakota, republicans, and McKellar, democrat, Tennessee, were asked to present the principal arguments. Others introduced by Mrs. Florence Bayard Hill of the Delaware branch of the National Woman's Party represented that organization and the National American Woman Suffrage Association. Among them was Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National Association. After luncheon the anti-suffragists had two hours.

No Special Session to Pass on Suffrage

HARTFORD, Conn., March 25.—Gov. Marcus H. Holcomb, republican, in a statement last night flatly refused to call a special session of the Connecticut general assembly to act on the federal suffrage amendment.

The republican state convention, by a vote of 100 to 90, adopted a resolution to call a special session so that it might be possible for Connecticut to be the thirty-sixth state to ratify the suffrage amendment.

Governor's Statement.

Gov. Holcomb's statement followed: "I have said the resolution passed by the republican state convention. I do not see how that changes the situation or assists to create the special emergency which authorizes the governor to call a special session. The republican state convention shall not shift it to the delegates to the minimum age board and the playground board and the playground department, which shall be paid wholly out of the revenues of the District of Columbia."

So much as may be necessary to pay the increased compensation provided in this section to persons employed under funds which may be construed to be employees of the government of the United States or of the District of Columbia is authorized to be paid, respectively, from such funds.

"Reports shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session showing for the first four months of the fiscal year the average number of employees in each department, bureau, office or establishment receiving the increased compensation at the rate of \$240 per annum, and the average number by grades receiving the same at each other rate."

BOY HELD FOR RANSOM; REVENGE ONE MOTIVE

Kentuckian Ordered by Kidnapers to Pay \$25,000—Police Expect to Get Lad Before Night.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 25.—Paul Little, seven years old, son of E. R. Little of Toddington, disappeared with an unidentified white man shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Earlier in the day the boy had told his playmates the man had promised him a dollar if he would deliver a box of candy. A note demanding \$25,000 ransom was delivered to the Little home last night by a messenger boy, who said it had been placed in his hands by a man on Main street. Although the father had announced that the demanded ransom would be paid, Paul was still a captive today of the kidnaper who threatened to kill him unless the ransom was paid. No attempts to arrest the kidnaper were made, he indicated, and no questions were asked if the boy was returned safely.

Note Indicates Revenge.

It was reported today that the note which contained the ransom demand stated that Little had apparently injured the man at some time, and said: "You have torn my heart out. I have had a pistol in your face twice, but my heart failed me. I am taking this note to get you in a shipwreck. Little said he had never harmed any one and never had an enemy so far as he knew. The note was printed on six pages of paper, believed to be hotel stationery from which the kidnaper had cut it. It is believed the writer printed his words for fear Little would recognize the writing. The family is distressed.

REMOVAL OF FLETCHER BEFORE JUDICIAL COURT

Another naval investigation growing out of the war was started here today. It is being conducted by a naval court and the purpose is to develop the circumstances surrounding the removal by Rear Admiral Sims of Rear Admiral William Fletcher from the command of the American naval base at Brest.

Admiral Fletcher, who asked for the inquiry, was the first witness. He presented a copy of an order from Admiral Sims in August, 1917, which placed Capt. R. H. Jackson, American naval representative at the French ministry of marine, in command of all American naval and aviation bases in France.

Identifying the general text of the letter, Admiral Sims told the court that "either the copy or the original contained a typographical error and that he had intended to order Capt. Jackson to command only the 'naval aviation bases.' The inclusion of the word 'and' made the order apply to all bases, was declared by Sims to be a 'rank absurdity' on its face."

MRS. WILSON INDORSES "CHEAPER MEAT" DRIVE

The campaign of the Department of Justice to popularize the use of cuts of meat in order to reduce the high cost of living was indorsed today by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. In the following letter to Attorney General Palmer:

"The White House will be glad to aid in every way possible your efforts to reduce the cost of living and will gladly co-operate in the 'Save Money on Meat' campaign."

LET GOVERNMENT KNOW WHEN PRICES APPEAR EXCESSIVE

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE DIVISION OF WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES, H. C. L. Washington, D. C.

COMPLAINT CARD.

Date of purchase.....

Name of dealer.....

Address.....

Commodity purchased.....

Price paid.....

Reason for complaint.....

Name of complainant.....

Address.....

(Name kept confidential. No attention given unsigned complaints.)

EBERT'S REGIME AND RUHR RADICALS REACH AGREEMENT

(Continued from First Page.)

clearer. The Prussian assembly postponed making a decision on the meeting of the national assembly. The new cabinet has not yet been formed; the various parties are still negotiating.

The city was quiet this morning and street traffic was normal.

London Reactionaries.

LONDON, March 25.—The London Times this morning cites a telegram from a well informed authority in the mining region of Germany, who says the socialists in the Ruhr district are determined to resist force by the Berlin government. The movement in the Ruhr is not entirely pacifist, says the dispatch, a good proportion of the people being actuated purely by anti-reactionary motives. They are not yet convinced that Wolfgang Kapp's influence has been eliminated, and until they are assured of this they will not work the Ruhr mines for Prussia.

Other telegrams received in authoritative quarters in London assert that everything is quiet in the Ruhr. Münster, Hanover, Kiel, Breslau, Dresden, Stuttgart and Stettin.

Fighting Reported Resumed.

THE HAGUE, March 25.—Fighting in the Ruhr district of Germany, where, it was understood, a truce had been agreed to, has been resumed, according to the Telegram. Spartanist forces are nearing their dispatch to the Rotterdam Courant says and the red army's strength is now 120,000.

Some reports from the frontier indicate that the workmen are bombarding Wesel with large numbers of shells. The situation is quiet, however, other reports declaring the situation is quiet.

The semi-official Netherlands correspondence bureau states that the Dutch minister of war has been in conference with the German government regarding the taking of precautions against the crossing of the frontier by German revolutionary troops or fugitives.

Belgians Revolt Shelled.

According to the Handelsblad, the red troops in the vicinity of Wesel shelled the Dutch frontier. The Belgians protested against this action.

Belgian revolutionaries, it was reported, have arrived near the Dutch frontier.

Aldermen from the Rhine district have arrived in Holland to negotiate for food for the population there. They declare in interviews with the Dutch press that the movement of the German laborers in this region is not bolshevik, but includes members of all the parties. There will be no lecture by the Dutch government, it was announced today.

Mr. McInturff has been acting as assistant secretary of the department of Fred Thompson, assistant chief clerk, last winter. He entered the Department of Commerce as chief clerk in 1907 and worked his way up through the various grades of clerk, becoming chief of the division of records and files on appointment of E. F. Lobbey as chief clerk in 1917. Mr. McInturff is a wife and a son and was educated in the public schools here.

PROMOTE G. F. MCINTURFF, JR.

Becomes Assistant Chief Clerk of the Department of Commerce.

George F. McInturff, Jr., formerly chief of the division of records and files of the Department of Commerce, has been named assistant chief clerk of the department, it was announced today.

Mr. McInturff has been acting as assistant secretary of the department of Fred Thompson, assistant chief clerk, last winter. He entered the Department of Commerce as chief clerk in 1907 and worked his way up through the various grades of clerk, becoming chief of the division of records and files on appointment of E. F. Lobbey as chief clerk in 1917. Mr. McInturff is a wife and a son and was educated in the public schools here.

Workmen Beaten Back.

BUDERICH, Rhenish Prussia, March 24.—The workmen's forces are said to have been beaten back more than one mile at Wesel today, although the firing was never intense and the situation was regarded as rather quiet. It is reliably estimated that the besieged in the city number about 5,000 and that there are 2,000 men on the line. The German troops are said to be less effective in strength than the workmen indicated, because they fight in spurts.

Little surprise is expressed today at the operation of the German army in being believed that the workmen are losing some of the first enthusiasm that entered their minds when they were interned by the British and the division of troops in the German army, encircling guerrilla movement.

A German observation airplane passed over Wesel this afternoon. Some persons reaching here from Wesel assert that they saw women, some of them mounted, fighting with the workmen.

Moderate Program Adopted.

DUSSELDORF, March 25.—Disruption of the coalition of the left by parties that usurped control in the Ruhr basin is considered improbable as a result of the Ebert government's military campaign. Communists here and at Hagen have not been active and moderate programs have been adopted in various cities. The communists, however, are represented on several executive committees and are credited with a disposition to hold out for extreme measures, particularly regarding wages.

Independent socialists appear to favor closer relations with the majority socialists because of the resignation of Gustav Noske, minister of defense in the Ebert cabinet.

Announcement was made today by Frank C. Dailey of Indianapolis and Edward G. Hoffman of that city, that neither will be a candidate for the democratic nomination for United States senator in Indiana. Following the decision of Thomas Taggart not to be a candidate, the state committee was authorized to place some one's name on the ballot, and Mr. Dailey and Mr. Hoffman are considered.

It was said in Indiana democratic circles here today that Samuel C. Foster of Fort Wayne recently will be requested to take the nomination.

Mr. Dailey was the prosecuting attorney in the Newberry case in Detroit, and is here to confer with the department of justice. Mr. Hoffman is secretary of the democratic national committee based in Washington on committee business.

JOHN ROSS KEY DIES.

BAITMORE, Md., March 25.—John Ross Key, grandson of Francis Scott Key and the last direct descendant of the author of "The Star Spangled Banner," died suddenly here last night following an attack of heart disease. Born in Hagerstown, Md., July 16, 1832, Mr. Key died at the age of 87. His grandfather was in Washington shortly after the death of his father, John Ross Key. Until he reached the age of seven, Mr. Key was reared by Francis Scott Key and received his early education in a catholic college in which his grandfather placed him. He was the last member of his family who remembered his acquaintance with Francis Scott Key, and after the death of the latter he continued to reside in the old Key homestead.

PRESIDENT'S VIEW ON 3D TERM ASKED

Mr. Humphreys' Request for Statement Cheered by Both Sides in House.

Both democrats and republicans cheered a statement in the House today by Representative Humphreys, democrat, Mississippi, that President Wilson should make an immediate announcement that he is not a candidate for a third term.

Under no circumstances should the President ask for re-election, Representative Humphreys said, recommending passage of an amendment limiting presidential eligibility to one term. Public advocacy by the President of his own re-election would be a cabinet for re-election has allowed the country to believe that he will break the ancient precedent. Humphreys stated.

Silence Brings Regret.

"I regret, therefore, all the more that he has remained silent as to his intentions in the matter of a third term," he said. "I believe the accomplishments of his administration under his great leadership will secure for him a place high on the roll of our great Presidents."

The speaker pointed out that Washingtonians were against third terms. "These are precedents which have come to mind," he said. "I believe the torch of liberty through a century in an effort to negative and discredit the theory of the divine right of kings."

Advocated Single Term.

Because democrats sense danger in the air and reckon accurately that the speaker's statement was about to be challenged, a single term plank was inserted in the 1912 platform, he said. This advocated a single presidential term and would make the President ineligible for re-election under a constitutional amendment.

In the midst of Humphreys' speech a messenger from the White House announced a message from the President. "It was not an announcement of a third term, as some republican members suggested. His appearance, however, provoked an uproar from both democrats and republicans."

JAMES B. TUPPER DIES.

Washington Man Succumbs While Visiting in Florida.

Word has been received of the death of James B. Tupper, former lawyer and government official in this city, who died in Florida. He was 78 years old, where he had been accustomed to go for the winter. He was eighty years old.

Mr. Tupper was born in Long Meadow, Mass., and served during the civil war. He was a graduate of Williams College. After the civil war he resided in New Orleans for a number of years, later coming to this city. There he has resided since. He lived at 1316 15th street. He attended the peace conference at The Hague in 1914 as a delegate from this country.

During his service with the government he held positions in the internal revenue office in the sugar bounty, tobacco and law divisions. He resigned in 1919. He was a member of the Society of Colonial Wars, the Cosmos Club and the Board of Children's Guardians. A wife, Mrs. Sarah J. Alden Tupper, survives. Funeral services were held in Florida.

Margaret Matzenauer

—the Metropolitan Opera Star

The superior quality of her voice (mezzo soprano) has been proclaimed in nearly every European capital as well as in every large city in this country.

Washington Music lovers will have a treat on the occasion of her concert here.

Tomorrow, March 26 at 4.30 New National Theater

Listen to Matzenauer's voice with your eyes closed. Let your ears drink in the great, sublime beauty of her voice. Then come to our Phonograph Shop and hear

The New Edison Phonograph

re-create the beautiful voice of the star. You will discover something so human, so alive with a soul, that it won't seem a phonograph at all.

Margaret Matzenauer's Recollections on sale in our Phonograph Shop, Second Floor.

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Baseball Supplies

Fielders' Gloves..... \$1.50 Up
First Baseman's Mitts..... \$2.50 Up
Catchers' Mitts..... \$2.50 Up
Official League Balls, Guaranteed 27 Innings..... \$2.00

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FISHING TACKLE

Quality Tackle at Reasonable Prices. We Absolutely Guarantee Our Fishing Tackle.

All Repair Parts in Stock for Rod and Reel.

Perch, Shad, Herring and Rock Fish Are Coming.

PREPARE WITH THE FOLLOWING

Steel Rod (special)..... \$1.50
Reels from \$1.50 Up.
Other Steel Rods from \$2.25 to \$12.
Split Bamboo Casting Rods from \$1.50 to \$18.00.

Deep Sea Rods from \$4.25 Up.
Gold Star Cuttybunk Line, 16 lb. Test, 50 yd. spool..... 23c
MILL ENDS Silk Line, per spool..... 50c
Perch Hooks, double gut, doz..... 35c
Snag Hooks for Herring and Shad, the size you want.

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF WRIGHT & DITSON TENNIS GOODS

ALAS 927 D Street Northwest

Leather Goods, Firearms, Ammunition.

Is Your Head Fettered By Your Feet?

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